If the data does not come to R, R must go to the data

Olga Kalinina

Helmholtz Institute for Pharmaceutical Research Saarland, Saarland University

FOSDEM PGDay 2019

• Bioinformatics = computational biology

- Bioinformatics = computational biology
 - Analysis of data to gain new biological insights

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 - Molecular biology

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 - Molecular biology
- Head of research group for drug bioinformatics at Helmholtz Institute for Pharmaceutical Research Saarland

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 - Analysis of data to gain new biological insights
 - Molecular biology
- Head of research group for drug bioinformatics at Helmholtz Institute for Pharmaceutical Research Saarland
 - Find new bioactive compounds









#chr	tol	ref	alt	GeneSym	bol	Clinical	.Significan	ıce	ReviewStatus	Pher	notypeList	uniprot_ac	uniprot	_pos	aal	aa2
chr1	949608	G	A	ISG15	Benign	criteria	a provided,	, singl	e submitter	not	specified	P05161 83	S	N	benign	3rt3
chr1	955563	G	C	AGRN	Benign	criteria	a provided,	, singl	e submitter	not	specified	000468-6	4	R	Р	benign
chr1	955596	C	G	AGRN	Benign	criteria	a provided,	, singl	e submitter	not	provided	000468-6	15	Р	R	benign
chr1	955601	C	т	AGRN	Benign	criteria	a provided,	, singl	e submitter	not	specified	000468-6	17	L	F	possibly
chr1	957605	G	A	AGRN	Pathoge	nic	no asserti	ion cri	teria provided	Cong	genital myas	thenic syndrome	000468-	6	76	G
chr1	957693	A	т	AGRN	Pathoge	nic	no asserti	ion cri	teria provided	Cong	genital myas	thenic syndrome	000468-	6	105	N
chr1	976577	Т	C	AGRN	Benign	no asser	tion crite	eria pr	ovided not sp	ecifie	ed 000468-	6 251	V	A	probabl	y damagir
chr1	976598	C	т	AGRN	Benign	criteria	a provided,	, singl	e submitter	not	specified	000468-6	258	т	I	probably
chr1	976963	A	G	AGRN	Benign	criteria	a provided,	, singl	e submitter	not	specified	000468-6	353	Q	R	benign
chr1	977028	G	т	AGRN	Benign	criteria	a provided,	, multi	ple submitters	, no c	conflicts	not provided;	ot specif	ied	000468-	6
chr1	978628	C	т	AGRN	Benign	criteria	a provided,	, singl	e submitter	not	specified	000468-6	465	Р	L	benign
chr1	978762	G	A	AGRN	Benign	criteria	a provided,	, multi	ple submitters	, no c	conflicts	not specified	000468-	6	510	G
chr1	978974	G	A	AGRN	Benign	criteria	a provided,	, singl	e submitter	not	specified	000468-6	554	V	M	probably
chr1	979310	G	A	AGRN	Benign	criteria	a provided,	, singl	e submitter	not	specified	000468-6	636	G	S	probably
chr1	979748	A	т	AGRN	Benign	criteria	a provided,	, multi	ple submitters	, no c	conflicts	not specified	000468-	6	728	E
chr1	980552	G	A	AGRN	Benign	criteria	a provided,	, singl	e submitter	not	specified	000468-6	756	A	Т	possibly
chr1	980840	C	т	AGRN	Benign	criteria	a provided,	, singl	e submitter	not	specified	000468-6	825	R	С	probably
chr1	980868	G	A	AGRN	Benign	criteria	a provided,	, singl	e submitter	not	specified	000468-6	834	R	Q	probably
chr1	981131	A	G	AGRN	Benign	criteria	a provided,	, singl	e submitter	not	specified	000468-6	852	Q	R	benign
chr1	981226	C	т	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	, singl	e submitter	not	specified	000468-6	884	R	С	probably
chr1	981353	C	т	AGRN	Benign	criteria	a provided,	, singl	e submitter	not	provided	000468-6	897	A	V	possibly
chr1	981942	C	A	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	, singl	e submitter	not	specified	000468-6	1026	т	N	probably
chr1	982213	G	C	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	, multi	ple submitters	, no c	conflicts	not provided;	ot specif	ied	000468-	6
chr1	982722	A	G	AGRN	Benign	criteria	a provided,	, singl	e submitter	not	specified	000468-6	1135	Q	R	probably
chr1	983221	C	т	AGRN	Benign	criteria	a provided,	, singl	e submitter	not	specified	000468-6	1233	R	W	benign
chr1	983243	C	т	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	, singl	e submitter	not	specified	000468-6	1240	Р	L	probably
chr1	983506	C	т	AGRN	Benign	criteria	a provided,	, singl	e submitter	not	specified	000468-6	1289	Р	L	benign
chr1	983604	C	т	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	, singl	e submitter	not	specified	000468-6	1322	R	W	probably
chr1	984261	G	Т	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	, singl	e submitter	not	specified	000468-6	1374	V	L	benign
chr1	984426	C	т	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	, singl	e submitter	not	specified	000468-6	1429	R	С	benign
chr1	984669	C	т	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	, singl	e submitter	not	specified	000468-6	1451	Р	L	benign
chr1	984971	G	A	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	, singl	e submitter	not	specified	000468-6	1514	A	Т	benign
chr1	985070	G	A	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	, multi	ple submitters	, no c	conflicts	not specified	000468-	6	1547	E
chr1	985126	G	C	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	, singl	e submitter	not	specified	000468-6	1565	Q	Н	benign
chr1	985407	С	A	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	, singl	e submitter	not	specified	000468-6	1623	F	L	benign
chr1	985826	G	A	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	, multi	ple submitters	, no c	conflicts	not specified	000468-	6	1666	V
chr1	985853	G	A	AGRN	Pathoge	nic	no asserti	ion cri	teria provided	Cong	genital myas	thenic syndrome	000468-	6	1675	G
chr1	985955	G	C	AGRN	Pathoge	nic	no asserti	ion cri	teria provided	Cong	genital myas	thenic syndrome	;Myasther	ic syndr	ome, con	genital,
chr1	986143	G	т	AGRN	Pathoge	nic	no asserti	ion cri	teria provided	Cong	genital myas	thenic syndrome	;Myasther	ic syndr	ome, con	genital,
chr1	986165	G	A	AGRN	Benign	criteria	a provided,	, multi	ple submitters	, no c	conflicts	not specified	000468-	6	1734	R
chr1	986849	G	A	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	, singl	e submitter	not	specified	000468-6	1796	R	Н	benign
chr1	987116	G	A	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	singl	e submitter	Myas	sthenic synd	rome, congenita	l, 8	000468-	6	1858
chr1	987155	G	A	AGRN	Pathoge	nic	no asserti	ion cri	teria provided	Cong	genital myas	thenic syndrome	000468-	6	1871	G
chr1	987159	G	A	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	, singl	e submitter	not	specified	000468-6	1872	R	Q	benign
chr1	987191	G	A	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	singl	e submitter	not	specified	000468-6	1883	E	ĸ	benign
chr1	989207	G	С	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	, singl	e submitter	not	specified	000468-6	1909	S	Т	benign
chr1	989224	С	т	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	, singl	e submitter	not	specified	000468-6	1915	R	W	probably
chr1	990213	С	т	AGRN	Benign	no asser	tion crite	eria pr	ovided not sp	ecifie	ed 000468-	6 1997	Р	L	benign	?
chr1	990242	A	G	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	, singl	e submitter	not	specified	000468-6	2007	К	E	probably
chr1	1167674	С	т	B3GALT6	Pathoge	nic	no asserti	ion cri	teria provided	Ehle	ers-Danlos s	yndrome, progei	oid type,	2	Q96L58	6
chr1	1167675	G	A	B3GALT6	Benign	no asser	tion crite	eria pr	ovided not sp	ecifie	ed Q96L58	6 R	Q	possibl	y damaqi	ng
chr1	1167680	т	6	B3GALT6	Renian	criteria	nrovided	sinal	e submitter	not	specified	096158 8	W	6	benian	2







#chr	tol	ref	alt	GeneSym	bol	Clinical	Significan	ce R	eviewStatus	Pher	notypeList	uniprot ac	uniprot	pos	aal	aa2
chr1	949608	G	A	ISG15	Benign	criteria	provided,	single	submitter	not	specified	P05161 83	S	N	benign	3rt3
chr1	955563	G	С	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	single	submitter	not	specified	000468-6	4	R	P	benign
chr1	955596	C	G	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	single	submitter	not	provided	000468-6	15	Р	R	benign
chr1	955601	C	т	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	single	submitter	not	specified	000468-6	17	L	F	possibl
chr1	957605	G	A	AGRN	Pathoge	nic	no asserti	on crit	eria provided	Cong	genital myas	thenic syndrome	000468-	6	76	G
chr1	957693	A	т	AGRN	Pathoge	nic	no asserti	on crit	eria provided	Cong	genital myas	thenic syndrome	000468-	6	105	N
chr1	976577	Т	C	AGRN	Benign	no asser	tion crite	ria pro	vided not spe	ecifie	ed 000468-	6 251	V	A	probably	y damagi
chr1	976598	C	т	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	single	submitter	not	specified	000468-6	258	т	I	probabl
chr1	976963	A	G	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	single	submitter	not	specified	000468-6	353	Q	R	benign
chr1	977028	G	т	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	multip	le submitters,	, no d	conflicts	not provided;no	t specif	ied	000468-6	б
chr1	978628	C	т	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	single	submitter	not	specified	000468-6	465	Р	L	benign
chr1	978762	G	A	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	multip	le submitters,	, no d	conflicts	not specified	000468-	6	510	G
chr1	978974	G	A	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	single	submitter	not	specified	000468-6	554	V	М	probabl
chr1	979310	G	A	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	single	submitter	not	specified	000468-6	636	G	S	probabl
chr1	979748	A	т	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	multip	le submitters,	, no d	conflicts	not specified	000468-	6	728	E
chr1	980552	G	A	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	single	submitter	not	specified	000468-6	756	A	т	possibl
chr1	980840	C	т	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	single	submitter	not	specified	000468-6	825	R	С	probabl
chr1	980868	G	A	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	single	submitter	not	specified	000468-6	834	R	Q	probabl
chr1	981131	A	G	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	single	submitter	not	specified	000468-6	852	Q	R	benign
chr1	981226	С	т	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	single	submitter	not	specified	000468-6	884	R	С	probabl
chr1	981353	С	т	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	single	submitter	not	provided	000468-6	897	A	V	possibl
chr1	981942	С	A	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	single	submitter	not	specified	000468-6	1026	т	N	probabl
chr1	982213	G	C	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	multip	le submitters,	, no d	conflicts	not provided;no	t specif	ied	000468-6	6
chr1	982722	A	G	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	single	submitter	not	specified	000468-6	1135	Q	R	probabl
chr1	983221	С	т	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	single	submitter	not	specified	000468-6	1233	R	W	benign
chr1	983243	С	т	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	single	submitter	not	specified	000468-6	1240	Р	L	probabl
chr1	983506	С	т	AGRN	Benian	criteria	provided.	sinale	submitter	not	specified	000468-6	1289	Р	L	benian
chr1	983604	С	т	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	single	submitter	not	specified	000468-6	1322	R	W	probabl
chr1	984261	G	т	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	single	submitter	not	specified	000468-6	1374	V	L	benign
chr1	984426	С	т	AGRN	Benian	criteria	provided.	sinale	submitter	not	specified	000468-6	1429	R	С	benian
chr1	984669	С	т	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	single	submitter	not	specified	000468-6	1451	Р	L	benign
chr1	984971	G	A	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	single	submitter	not	specified	000468-6	1514	A	т	benign
chr1	985070	G	A	AGRN	Benian	criteria	provided.	multip	le submitters.	, no d	conflicts	not specified	000468-	6	1547	E
chr1	985126	G	С	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	single	submitter	not	specified	000468-6	1565	Q	н	benign
chr1	985407	С	A	AGRN	Benian	criteria	provided.	sinale	submitter	not	specified	000468-6	1623	F	L	benian
chr1	985826	G	A	AGRN	Benian	criteria	provided.	multip	le submitters.	, no d	conflicts	not specified	000468-	6	1666	v
chr1	985853	G	A	AGRN	Pathoge	nic	no asserti	on crit	eria provided	Cond	enital mvas	thenic syndrome	000468-	6	1675	G
chr1	985955	G	C	AGRN	Pathoge	nic	no asserti	on crit	eria provided	Cond	enital mvas	thenic syndrome:	Mvasthen	ic syndr	ome. cond	genital.
chr1	986143	G	т	AGRN	Pathoge	nic	no asserti	on crit	eria provided	Cond	ienital myas	thenic syndrome:	Mvasthen	ic syndr	ome, cond	denital.
chr1	986165	G	A	AGRN	Benian	criteria	provided.	multip	le submitters.	. no c	conflicts	not specified	000468-	6	1734	R.
chr1	986849	G	A	AGRN	Benian	criteria	provided.	sinale	submitter	not	specified	000468-6	1796	R	н	benian
chr1	987116	G	A	AGRN	Benian	criteria	provided.	single	submitter	Mvas	sthenic synd	rome. congenital	. 8	000468-	6	1858
chr1	987155	G	A	AGRN	Pathoge	nic	no asserti	on crit	eria provided	Cond	enital myas	thenic syndrome	000468-	6	1871	G
chr1	987159	G	A	AGRN	Benian	criteria	provided.	single	submitter	not	specified	000468-6	1872	R	0	benian
chr1	987191	G	A	AGRN	Benian	criteria	provided.	single	submitter	not	specified	000468-6	1883	F	ĸ	benign
chr1	989207	G	c	AGRN	Benian	criteria	provided.	single	submitter	not	specified	000468-6	1909	s	т	henian
chr1	989224	c C	т	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	single	submitter	not	specified	000468-6	1915	R	W	nrobabl
chr1	990213	č	Ť	AGRN	Benian	no asser	tion crite	ria pro	vided not sne	ecifie	ed 000468-	6 1997	P	i.	 benian	?
chr1	990242	A	G	AGRN	Renign	criteria	nrovided.	single	submitter	not	specified	000468-6	2007	ĸ	F	nrohabl
chr1	1167674	C	T	B3GALT6	Pathone	nic	no asserti	on crit	eria provided	Ehle	ers-Danlos s	vndrome, progero	id type	2	0961.58	6
chr1	1167675	G	Δ.	B3GALT6	Renign	no asser	tion crite	ria nro	vided not sne	ecifie	nd 096158	6 R	0	- nossihl	v damadi	na
chr1	1167680	т	6	B3GALT6	Renign	criteria	provided	single	submitter	not	snecified	096158 8	W	6	, Januagin	2



#chr	tol	ref	alt	GeneSym	bol	Clinical	Significan	ce ReviewSta	tus	Phene	otypeList	uniprot ac	u	niprot	pos	aal	aa2
chr1	949608	G	A	ISG15	Benign	criteria	provided,	single submitt	er	not :	specified	P05161 83	S		N	benign	3rt3
chr1	955563	G	C	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	single submitt	er	not :	specified	000468-6	4		R	P	benign
chr1	955596	C	G	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	single submitt	er	not p	provided	000468-6	1	.5	Р	R	benign
chr1	955601	C	т	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	single submitt	er	not :	specified	000468-6	1	.7	L	F	possibl
chr1	957605	G	A	AGRN	Pathoge	nic	no asserti	on criteria pro	vided	Conge	enital myas	sthenic syndr	ome O	00468-	6	76	G
chr1	957693	A	т	AGRN	Pathoge	nic	no asserti	on criteria pro	vided	Conge	enital myas	sthenic syndr	ome O	00468-	6	105	N
chr1	976577	Т	C	AGRN	Benign	no asser	tion crite	ria provided n	ot spe	cifie	d 000468	-6 251	V	1	A	probabl	y damagi
chr1	976598	С	т	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	single submitt	er	not :	specified	000468-6	2	58	Т	I	probabl
chr1	976963	A	G	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	single submitt	er	not :	specified	000468-6	3	53	Q	R	benign
chr1	977028	G	т	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	multiple submi	tters,	no co	onflicts	not provide	d;not	specif	ied	000468-	б —
chr1	978628	С	т	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	single submitt	er	not :	specified	000468-6	4	65	Р	L	benign
chr1	978762	G	A	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	multiple submi	tters,	no co	onflicts	not specifi	ed 0	00468-	6	510	G
chr1	978974	G	A	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	single submitt	er	not :	specified	000468-6	5	54	V	Μ	probabl
chr1	979310	G	A	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	single submitt	er	not :	specified	000468-6	6	36	G	S	probabl
chr1	979748	A	т	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	multiple submi	tters,	no co	onflicts	not specifi	ed 0	00468-	6	728	Ē
chr1	980552	G	A	AGRN	Benian	criteria	provided.	single submitt	er	not :	specified	000468-6	7	56	A	т	possibl
chr1	980840	С	т	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	single submitt	er	not :	specified	000468-6	8	25	R	С	, probabl
chr1	980868	G	A	AGRN	Benian	criteria	provided.	single submitt	er	not :	specified	000468-6	8	34	R	0	probabl
chr1	981131	Α	G	AGRN	Benian	criteria	provided.	single submitt	er	not :	specified	000468-6	8	52	0	R	benian
chr1	981226	C	Ť	AGRN	Benian	criteria	provided.	single submitt	er	not :	specified	000468-6	8	84	R	C	probabl
chr1	981353	C	т	AGRN	Benian	criteria	provided.	single submitt	er	not i	provided	000468-6	8	97	A	V	possibl
chr1	981942	c	A	AGRN	Benian	criteria	provided.	single submitt	er	not	specified	000468-6	1	026	т	N	probabl
chr1	982213	G	C	AGRN	Benian	criteria	provided.	multiple submi	tters.	no co	onflicts	not provide	d:not	specif	ied	000468-	6
chr1	982722	A	G	AGRN	Benian	criteria	provided.	single submitt	er	not	specified	000468-6	1	135	0	R	probabl
chr1	983221	C	Ť	AGRN	Benian	criteria	provided.	single submitt	er	not	specified	000468-6	1	233	R	W	benian
chr1	983243	C	т	AGRN	Benian	criteria	provided.	single submitt	er	not	specified	000468-6	1	240	P	Ê.	probabl
chr1	983506	c	T	AGRN	Benian	criteria	provided.	single submitt	er	not	specified	000468-6	1	289	P	L	benian
chr1	983604	c	т	AGRN	Benian	criteria	provided.	single submitt	er	not	specified	000468-6	1	322	R	W	probabl
chr1	984261	G	Ť	AGRN	Benian	criteria	provided.	single submitt	er	not	specified	000468-6	1	374	v	ï	henian
chr1	984426	c	Ť	AGRN	Benian	criteria	provided.	single submitt	er	not	specified	000468-6	1	429	R	c	benign
chr1	984669	c	Ť	AGRN	Benian	criteria	provided,	single submitt	er	not	snecified	000468-6	1	451	P	ĩ	henian
chr1	984971	G	A	AGRN	Benian	criteria	provided,	single submitt	er	not	specified	000468-6	1	514	Α.	т	henian
chr1	985070	G	Δ	AGRN	Benian	criteria	provided,	multiple submi	tters	no co	onflicts	not specifi	ed 0	00468-	6	1547	F
chr1	985126	G	C C	AGRN	Benian	criteria	provided.	single submitt	er	not	snecified	000468-6	1	565	Ő.	н	henian
chr1	985407	c	Δ	AGRN	Benign	criteria	provided,	single submitt	er	not	specified	000468-6	1	623	F	ï	benign
chr1	985826	G	Δ	AGRN	Renian	criteria	provided,	multinle submi	tters	no c	onflicts	not specifi	ed 0	023	6	1666	V
chr1	985853	G	Δ	AGRN	Pathone	nic	no accerti	on criteria nro	wided	Cong	enital mya	sthenic syndr	ome 0	00468-	6	1675	Ģ
chr1	985955	G	ĉ	AGRN	Pathoge	nic	no asserti	on criteria pro	vided	Conge	enital mya	sthenic syndr	ome · Mv	asthen	ic syndr	ome con	genital
chr1	986143	G	T	AGRN	Pathone	nic	no asserti	on criteria pro	vided	Conge	enital mya	sthenic syndr	ome • My	asthen	ic syndr	ome con	genital
chr1	986165	G	Δ.	AGRN	Renian	criteria	provided	multinle submi	tterc	no co	onflicts	not specifi	ed 0	00468-	6	1734	P
chr1	986849	G	Δ.	AGRN	Renian	criteria	provided,	single submitt	er	not	snecified	000468-6	1 1	796	R	н	henian
chr1	987116	G	Â	AGRN	Renign	criteria	provided,	single submitt	or	Myaci	thenic syn	drome conden	ital	8	000468-	6	1858
chr1	097155	G	2	AGRN	Dathoge	nic	no accerti	on criteria pro	.ci ded	Cong	enital mya	sthenic syndr	ome 0	00469-	6	1971	6
chr1	087150	G	A .	AGRN	Renian	criteria	provided	cingle submitt	or	not	cnecified	000/68-6	1 1	872	P	0	benian
chr1	097101	G	2	AGRN	Ponign	critoria	provided,	single submitt	or	not i	specified	000400-0	1	002	E	v k	benign
chr1	090207	G	ĉ	AGRN	Renign	criteria	provided,	single submitt	or	not i	specified	000400-0	1	000	6	т	benign
chr1	080220/	ć	т	AGRN	Benian	criteria	provided,	single submitt	or	not	specified	000468-6	1	015	P	16/	nrobabl
chr1	000224	c	Ť	AGRN	Renign	CITCELT0	tion crite	ria provided r	int coo	not :	d DODAEO	-6 100	7 0)	I.	henian	2
chr1	990213	Δ	6	AGRN	Renign	criteria	nrovided	single submitt	er spe	not 4	specified	000468-6	, P	007	ĸ	F	nrohabl
chr1	1167674	ĉ	т	R3GALT6	Dathone	nic	no accerti	on criteria nro	hahiv	Fbla	re-Danlos	syndrome pro	aeroid	1 + 100	2	096158	6
chr1	1167675	G	Δ.	B3GALTO	Renian	NO 26605	tion crite	ria provided r	ot coo	cifie	d 006150	6 p	geroru	i cype,	noccibl	v damagi	na
chr1	1167680	т	6	B3GALT6	Benian	criteria	nrovided	single submitt	er spe	not e	specified	096158 8	Q W	1	POSSTDL	y uamayı benian	2
		-						A COMPANY AND A			and the second s		01				

• Experiment

- Experiment
 - Genome sequencing

- Experiment
 - Genome sequencing



- Experiment
 - Genome sequencing
 - => ~4×10¹² bp



- Experiment
 - Genome sequencing
 - => ~4×10¹² bp
 - Other types of experiment



- Experiment
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 - Determination of protein 3D structure



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- Experiment
 - Genome sequencing
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 - Other types of experiment
 - Determination of protein 3D structure
 - Gene expression
 - Computational predictions



• All DNA sequences: $\sim 4 \times 10^{12}$ bp = ~ 9 GB + metadata

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 - Clinically relevant mutations: 13 MB = 84,426 rows

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 - Clinically relevant mutations: 13 MB = 84,426 rows
 - All human proteins + annotations: 1.9 GB = 23,095,049 rows

- All DNA sequences: $\sim 4 \times 10^{12}$ bp = ~ 9 GB + metadata
- In this talk:
 - Clinically relevant mutations: 13 MB = 84,426 rows
 - All human proteins + annotations: 1.9 GB = 23,095,049 rows
 - (Cross-references from human proteins to other data sources: 147 MB = 6,026,631 rows)

Typical data analysis pipeline

Initial data processing, cross-referencing

Initial data processing, cross-referencing

Typical data analysis pipeline Experiment (up to TBs of data) Initial data processing, cross-referencing

6

Store in a DB

Typical data analysis pipeline Experiment (up to TBs of data) Initial data processing, cross-referencing Store in a DB

Typical data analysis pipeline Experiment (up to TBs of data) Initial data processing, cross-referencing Store in a DB Select relevant data








Free software environment for statistical computing and graphics

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- Introduced in 1993

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- Free software environment for statistical computing and graphics
- Introduced in 1993
- Multi-paradigm, including **array**: many generalized functions for multi-dimensional data (vectors, matrices, ...)
- R project: <u>https://www.r-project.org/</u>
- CRAN 13,626 packages for various types of analysis: <u>https://cran.r-project.org/</u>

• R is still widely used, especially in academia

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• R is still widely used, especially in academia



SAS, R, Python Preference Over Time

SAS

100%

90%

80%

• R is still widely used, especially in academia



SAS 3% R 28% Python 69% SAS 39% 42% Python 20%

- R is still widely used, especially in academia
- R is very well suited to ao statistical / machine learning

Precentage of Respondents



- R is still widely used, especially in academia
- R is very well suited to ao statistical / machine learning

Precentage of Respondents

 Due to details of implementation, calculations in R are very efficient



 Procedural language that allows to write PostgreSQL functions and aggregate functions in R

- Procedural language that allows to write PostgreSQL functions and aggregate functions in R
- Developed by Joe Conway since 2003

- Procedural language that allows to write PostgreSQL functions and aggregate functions in R
- Developed by Joe Conway since 2003
- Implements full R functionality

This talk

- No technical details of implementation or management
- User perspective

Is it possible to do full cycle of data analysis using only PL/R?





The Cell



The Cell



The Cell



 Biological machines, responsible for (almost) all processes within the cell

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- Encoded in genome as a sequence of characters

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Mutations



Mutations

• Happen in DNA


Mutations

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- Sources:



- Spontaneous mistakes of DNA polymerase
- Endogenous DNA damage
- Exogenous DNA damage

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- Repair mechanisms => 1 mutation in 10¹⁰ nucleotides per cell division

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- Happen in DNA
- Sources:



- Spontaneous mistakes of DNA polymerase
- Endogenous DNA damage
- Exogenous DNA damage
- Repair mechanisms => 1 mutation in 10¹⁰ nucleotides per cell division
- Cf. human genome size: 3 × 10⁹ bp



"central dogma" of biology from Crick (1970, Figure 3, p. 562).



Crick (1970, Figure 3, p. 562).





"central dogma" of biology from Crick (1970, Figure 3, p. 562).





DNA Transcription Translation RNA Protein

Replication



"central dogma" of biology from Crick (1970, Figure 3, p. 562).



 Simple case: protein can unfold and refold rapidly, reversibly, via a two-state mechanism

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- $\Delta G = G_{unfolded} G_{folded}$

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- Upon mutations, ΔG can change: $\Delta \Delta G = \Delta G^{mut} - \Delta G^{WT}$

- Simple case: protein can unfold and refold rapidly, reversibly, via a two-state mechanism
- $\Delta G = G_{unfolded} G_{folded}$
- Upon mutations, ΔG can change: $\Delta \Delta G = \Delta G^{mut} - \Delta G^{WT}$



https://commons.wikimedia.org/w/index.php?curid=28353539

Some data (real-life)

• **ΔΔG** estimates upon mutations

#chr	Gene	ClinicalSignificance	uniprot_ac	uniprot_pos	aa1	aa2	FX_ddG
chr1	ISG15	Benign	P05161	83	S	Ν	-0.517133
chr2	DNMT3A	Pathogenic	Q9Y6K1	583	С	Y	33.0787
chr1	AGRN	Benign	000468-6	15	Р	R	?

• 84,426 rows (13 MB)

...

Reading the data (R)

```
> x<-read.table("clinvar.main.pph.ddg.uniprot.tsv",
sep='\t', header=T)
> x[ x == "?" ] <- NA
> nrow(x)
84426
```

=> data frame

Reading the data (Postgres)

kalinina=# CREATE TABLE clinvar (chr text, tol bigint, ref text, alt text, GeneSymbol text, ClinicalSignificance text, ReviewStatus text, PhenotypeList text, uniprot_ac text, uniprot_pos int, aal char(1), aa2 char(1), prediction text, PDB_id text, PDB_pos text, PDB_ch char(1), ident float, FX_ddG float, IM_ddG float, M_ddG float, M_conf float); CREATE TABLE

kalinina=# COPY clinvar FROM 'clinvar.main.pph.ddg.uniprot.tsv'
WITH (NULL '?', DELIMITER E'\t');
COPY 84426

>median(x\$FX_ddG)
[1] NA

>median(x\$FX_ddG)

[1] NA

>median(x\$FX_ddG, na.rm=TRUE)
[1] 0.974858

>median(x\$FX_ddG)

[1] NA

>median(x\$FX_ddG, na.rm=TRUE)
[1] 0.974858

>(x[x\$ClinicalSignificance=='Pathogenic',]\$FX_ddG)
[1] 1.7756

>median(x\$FX_ddG)

[1] NA

```
>median(x$FX_ddG, na.rm=TRUE)
[1] 0.974858
```

>(x[x\$ClinicalSignificance=='Pathogenic',]\$FX_ddG)
[1] 1.7756

```
> aggregate(FX_ddG ~ ClinicalSignificance, data = x, FUN =
median)
ClinicalSignificance FX_ddG
Benign 0.62209
Pathogenic 1.77560
```

kalinina=# CREATE or REPLACE FUNCTION r_median(_float8) RETURNS
float AS '
median(arg1)
' LANGUAGE 'plr';
CREATE FUNCTION
kalinina=# CREATE AGGREGATE median (
sfunc = plr_array_accum,
basetype = float8,
stype = _float8,
finalfunc = r median

); CREATE AGGREGATE

kalinina=# SELECT clinicalsignificance, median(fx_ddg) FROM clinvar GROUP BY clinicalsignificance ORDER BY clinicalsignificance;

clinicalsignificance	median
Benign	0.6220875
Pathogenic	1.7756
(2 rows)	_

Summary statistics (R)

> aggregate(FX_ddG ~ ClinicalSignificance, data = x, FUN = summary)

	ClinicalSignificance	FX_ddG.Min.	FX_ddG.1st Qu. 1	FX_ddG.Median	FX_ddG.Mean	FX_ddG.3rd Qu.	FX_ddG.Max.
1	Benign	-5.77969	-0.04082	0.62209	1.37172	1.91954	62.08970
2	Pathogenic	-18.09830	0.30438	1.77560	3.21887	4.21793	52.26050

Summary statistics (R)

>	> aggregate(FX_ddG ~ ClinicalSignificance, data = x, FUN = summary)								
	ClinicalSignificance	FX_ddG.Min.	FX_ddG.1st Qu.	FX_ddG.Median	FX_ddG.Mean F	X_ddG.3rd Qu.	FX_ddG.Max.		
1	Benign	-5.77969	-0.04082	0.62209	1.37172	1.91954	62.08970		
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ClinicalSignificance FX_ddG.Min. FX_ddG.1st Qu. FX_ddG.Median
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FX_	_ddG.Mean	FX_	_ddG.3rd	Qu.	FX_	ddG.	Max.
	1.37172		1.919	954		62.0	8970

3.21887 4.21793 52.26050

Summary statistics (R)

> 1 2	aggregate(FX_ddG ~ ClinicalSignific Be Pathog	ClinicalSignification ance FX_ddG.Min. Find nign -5.77969 enic -18.09830	nce, data = x, FU X_ddG.1st Qu. FX_ -0.04082 0.30438	N = summary) ddG.Median FX 0.62209 1.77560	ddG.Mean FX 1.37172 3.21887	_ ddG.3rd Qu. 1.91954 4.21793	FX_ddG.Max. 62.08970 52.26050			
>	<pre>> aggregate(FX_ddG ~ ClinicalSignificance, data = x, FUN = summary) ClinicalSignificance FX ddG.Min. FX ddG.1st Qu. FX ddG.Median</pre>									
1		Benign	-5.77969		.04082	0.62	209			
2		Pathogenic	-18.09830	0.	30438	1.77	560			
F	K_ddG.Mean F 1.37172	X_ddG.3rd Qu 1.91954	FX_ddG.Max 62.0897	:. 70						

3.218874.2179352.26050

You need additional code if you need to preserve a specific order of categories

Summary statistics (PL/R)

kalinina=# CREATE or REPLACE FUNCTION r_summary(_float8) RETURNS _float8 AS '
summary(arg1)
' LANGUAGE 'plr';
CREATE FUNCTION

```
kalinina=# CREATE AGGREGATE summary (
sfunc = plr_array_accum,
basetype = float8,
stype = _float8,
finalfunc = r_median
);
CREATE AGGREGATE
```

kalinina=# SELECT clinicalsignificance, SELECT summary(fx_ddg) FROM clinvar GROUP BY
clinicalsignificance ORDER BY clinicalsignificance;

clinicalsignificance	summary
Benign	{-5.77969,-0.040819875,0.6220875,1.37171750416516,1.9195375,62.0897}
Pathogenic (2 rows)	{-18.0983,0.3043845,1.7756,3.21886833468419,4.217925,52.2605}

>boxplot(x[x\$ClinicalSignificance == 'Pathogenic',]\$FX_ddG)

>boxplot(x[x\$ClinicalSignificance == 'Pathogenic',]\$FX_ddG)

>boxplot(x[x\$ClinicalSignificance == 'Pathogenic',]\$FX_ddG)

• Syntax for subsetting: x[x\$<someFactor> == '<someValue>',]

>boxplot(x[x\$ClinicalSignificance == 'Pathogenic',]\$FX_ddG)

- Syntax for subsetting: x[x\$<someFactor> == '<someValue>',]
- Output directly to active graphic device

>boxplot(x[x\$ClinicalSignificance == 'Pathogenic',]\$FX_ddG)

- Syntax for subsetting: x[x\$<someFactor> == '<someValue>',]
- Output directly to active graphic device



Boxplot (PL/R)

```
CREATE or REPLACE function
r_boxplot2(_float8) RETURNS void AS '
pdf("~/Work/ddG/test.pdf")
boxplot(arg1)
dev.off()
' language 'plr';
CREATE FUNCTION
```

```
kalinina=# CREATE AGGREGATE boxplot2pdf (
sfunc = plr_array_accum,
basetype = float8,
stype = _float8,
finalfunc = r_boxplot2
);
CREATE AGGREGATE
```

```
kalinina=# SELECT boxplot2pdf(fx_ddg)
FROM clinvar WHERE clinicalsignificance =
'Pathogenic';
boxplot2pdf
```



Boxplot (PL/R)

```
CREATE or REPLACE function
r_boxplot2(_float8) RETURNS void AS '
pdf("~/Work/ddG/test.pdf")
boxplot(arg1)
dev.off()
' language 'plr';
CREATE FUNCTION
```

```
kalinina=# CREATE AGGREGATE boxplot2pdf (
sfunc = plr_array_accum,
basetype = float8,
stype = _float8,
finalfunc = r_boxplot2
);
CREATE AGGREGATE
```

```
kalinina=# SELECT boxplot2pdf(fx_ddg)
FROM clinvar WHERE clinicalsignificance =
'Pathogenic';
boxplot2pdf
```

Only output to file



More data (real-life)



• Structural annotation of the human proteome

#AC	Mut	Species	Tags	Surface/Core	Class
P30613	R498	HUMAN	None	Surface	Ligand
P30613	G411	HUMAN	None	Core	Core
P30613	R559	HUMAN	None	None	Disorder

- Every protein position is classified as Surface, Core, Ligand, Metal, Protein, DNA, RNA, Or Disorder (8 categories)
- 23,095,049 rows (1.9 GB)

Pie chart (R)

```
> p <- read.table("proteome.classification.tsv", sep="\t")</pre>
> p[ p == "None" ] <- NA
> pp <- p[p$Class <> 'Disorder', ]
> piedata <- aggregate(pp$AC, by=list(Category=pp$Class), FUN=length)</pre>
> piedataOrdered <- piedata[ order(-piedata$x), ]</pre>
> piedataOrdered
  Category
                 X
  Surface 6411178
7
      Core 4519347
1
5
  Protein 2228705
3
  Ligand 934970
   Metal 830419
4
2
       DNA 265432
6
       RNA 69701
```

> pie(piedataOrdered\$x/nrow(pp), labels=piedataOrdered\$Category)

Pie chart (R)

```
> p <- read.table("proteome.classification.tsv", sep="\t")</pre>
```

- > p[p == "None"] <- NA
- > pp <- p[p\$Class <> 'Disorder',]

X

- > piedata <- aggregate(pp\$AC, by=list(Category=pp\$Class), FUN=length)</pre>
- > piedataOrdered <- piedata[order(-piedata\$x),]</pre>
- > piedataOrdered

Category	
----------	--

- 7 Surface 6411178
- 1 Core 4519347
- 5 Protein 2228705
- 3 Ligand 934970
- 4 Metal 830419
- 2 DNA 265432
- 6 RNA 69701
- > pie(piedataOrdered\$x/nrow(pp), labels=piedataOrdered\$Category)



Pie chart (PL/R)

kalinina=# CREATE VIEW piechart AS SELECT class, CAST(count(ac) AS float)/(SELECT count(ac) FROM structman WHERE class <> 'Disorder') AS percentage FROM structman WHERE class <> 'Disorder' GROUP BY class ORDER BY percentage DESC; CREATE VIEW

```
kalinina=# CREATE or REPLACE function r pie( float8) RETURNS void AS '
pdf("~/Work/ddG/testpie.pdf")
pie(arg1)
dev.off()
' language 'plr';
CREATE FUNCTION
kalinina=# CREATE AGGREGATE pie2pdf (
sfunc = plr array accum,
basetype = float8,
stype = float8,
finalfunc = r pie
);
CREATE AGGREGATE
kalinina=# SELECT pie2pdf(percentage) FROM piechart;
pie2pdf
_____
```
Pie chart (PL/R)

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pie(arg1)
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CREATE FUNCTION
kalinina=# CREATE AGGREGATE pie2pdf (
sfunc = plr array accum,
basetype = float8,
stype = float8,
finalfunc = r pie
);
CREATE AGGREGATE
kalinina=# SELECT pie2pdf(percentage) FROM piechart;
                                                         2
 pie2pdf
```

(1 row)

34

6

5

3

Pie chart (PL/R)

kalinina=# CREATE VIEW piechart AS SELECT class, CAST(count(ac) AS float)/(SELECT count(ac) FROM structman WHERE class <> 'Disorder') AS percentage FROM structman WHERE class <> 'Disorder' GROUP BY class ORDER BY percentage DESC; CREATE VIEW

```
kalinina=# CREATE or REPLACE function r pie( float8) RETURNS void AS '
pdf("~/Work/ddG/testpie.pdf")
                                                      No clean solution to pass
pie(arg1)
dev.off()
                                                    the names of the categories
' language 'plr';
CREATE FUNCTION
kalinina=# CREATE AGGREGATE pie2pdf (
sfunc = plr array accum,
basetype = float8,
stype = float8,
finalfunc = r pie
);
CREATE AGGREGATE
kalinina=# SELECT pie2pdf(percentage) FROM piechart;
                                                       2
 pie2pdf
```

(1 row)

34

6

5

3

• pp (all rows except 'Disorder') has 15,259,752 rows

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- The most expensive command in R: aggregate(pp\$AC, by=list(Category=pp\$Class), FUN=length) takes ~6.3 sec to execute

- pp (all rows except 'Disorder') has 15,259,752 rows
- The most expensive command in R: aggregate(pp\$AC, by=list(Category=pp\$Class), FUN=length) takes ~6.3 sec to execute
- Selection from piechart in the database takes 1.97 sec

- pp (all rows except 'Disorder') has 15,259,752 rows
- The most expensive command in R: aggregate(pp\$AC, by=list(Category=pp\$Class), FUN=length) takes ~6.3 sec to execute
- Selection from piechart in the database takes 1.97 sec
- On the other hand, running median grouped by Class will never finish: full table scan

Statistical significance

 R has implementations of a variety of statistical tests, e.g. Wilcoxon test:

Statistical significance

 R has implementations of a variety of statistical tests, e.g. Wilcoxon test:

> wilcox.test(x[x\$ClinicalSignificance=='Pathogenic',]\$FX_ddG), x[x\$ClinicalSignificance=='Benign',]\$FX_ddG))

Wilcoxon rank sum test with continuity correction

```
data: x[x$ClinicalSignificance == "Pathogenic", ]$FX_ddG and
x[x$ClinicalSignificance == "Benign", ]$FX_ddG
W = 4419800, p-value < 2.2e-16
alternative hypothesis: true location shift is not equal to 0
```

Statistical significance

 R has implementations of a variety of statistical tests, e.g. Wilcoxon test:

> wilcox.test(x[x\$ClinicalSignificance=='Pathogenic',]\$FX_ddG), x[x\$ClinicalSignificance=='Benign',]\$FX_ddG))

Wilcoxon rank sum test with continuity correction

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x[x$ClinicalSignificance == "Benign", ]$FX_ddG
W = 4419800, p-value < 2.2e-16
alternative hypothesis: true location shift is not equal to 0
```

```
> wilcox.test(x[x$ClinicalSignificance=='Pathogenic',]$FX_ddG),
x[x$ClinicalSignificance=='Benign',]$FX_ddG))$p.value
[1] 1.033810e-167
```

Passing two arrays of datapoint

```
kalinina=# CREATE TABLE ddg (pathogenic float, benign float);
CREATE TABLE
kalinina=# INSERT INTO ddg(pathogenic) SELECT fx ddg FROM clinvar
WHERE clinical significance = 'Pathogenic';
INSERT 0 20336
kalinina=# INSERT INTO ddg(benign) SELECT fx ddg FROM clinvar
WHERE clinical significance = 'Benign';
INSERT 0 64090
kalinina=# CREATE TABLE ddg all (ddg float);
CREATE TABLE
kalinina=# INSERT INTO ddg all(ddg) SELECT pathogenic FROM ddg;
INSERT 0 84426
kalinina=# INSERT INTO ddg all(ddg) SELECT benign FROM ddg;
INSERT 0 84426
```

...and calculating statistical significance

```
kalinina=# CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION r_wilcox(_float8) RETURNS float AS
```

```
x<-arg1[1:length(arg1)/2]
y<-arg1[length(arg1)/2+1:length(arg1)]
wilcox.test(x,y)$p.value
' language 'plr';</pre>
```

CREATE FUNCTION

```
kalinina=# CREATE AGGREGATE wilcox (
sfunc = plr_array_accum,
basetype = float8,
stype = _float8,
finalfunc = r_wilcox
);
CREATE AGGREGATE
```

```
(1 row)
```

...draw plots with two series

```
kalinina=# CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION r_plottwo(_float8) RETURNS float AS
'
```

```
pdf("testtwo.pdf")
x<-arg1[1:length(arg1)/2]
y<-arg1[length(arg1)/2+1:length(arg1)]
boxplot(x,y)
dev.off()
' language 'plr';
CREATE FUNCTION
kalinina=# CREATE AGGREGATE plottwo (
sfunc = plr_array_accum,
basetype = float8,
stype = _float8,
finalfunc = r_plottwo
);
CREATE AGGREGATE</pre>
```

```
kalinina=# SELECT plottwo(ddg) FROM ddg_all;
    plottwo
```

(1 row)

...draw plots with two series

kalinina=# CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION r_plottwo(_float8) RETURNS float AS
'

```
pdf("testtwo.pdf")
x<-arg1[1:length(arg1)/2]
y<-arg1[length(arg1)/2+1:length(arg1)]
boxplot(x,y)
dev.off()
' language 'plr';
CREATE FUNCTION
kalinina=# CREATE AGGREGATE plottwo (
sfunc = plr_array_accum,
basetype = float8,
stype = _float8,
finalfunc = r plottwo</pre>
```

```
);
CREATE AGGREGATE
```

kalinina=# SELECT plottwo(ddg) FROM ddg_all;
 plottwo



Joins (R)

• Theoretically, you can join in R

Joins (R)

- Theoretically, you can join in R
- Let's do an inner join:
- x: chr Gene ClinicalSignificance uniprot_ac uniprot_pos aal aa2 FX_ddG
 p: AC Mut Species Tags Surface/Core Class

Joins (R)

- Theoretically, you can join in R
- Let's do an inner join:

x: chr Gene ClinicalSignificance uniprot_ac uniprot_pos aa1 aa2 FX_ddG

p: AC Mut Species Tags Surface/Core Class

```
> library (dplyr)
> joined_data <- t %>% inner_join(p, by = c(c(x$uniprot_ac == p$AC)),
c(x$uniprot_pos == p$Mut)))
Error in Ops.factor(x$uniprot_ac, p$AC) : level sets of factors are
different
```

• You have to have the same set of identifiers in both tables!

Joins (PL/R)

kalinina=# SELECT DISTINCT structman.ac AS ac, clinicalsignificance, fx_ddg INTO core FROM clinvar INNER JOIN structman ON structman.ac = clinvar.uniprot_ac AND structman.mut = clinvar.aa1||clinvar.uniprot_pos WHERE structman.class = 'Core'; SELECT 6637

```
kalinina=# SELECT DISTINCT structman.ac AS ac,
clinicalsignificance, fx_ddg INTO notcore FROM clinvar INNER JOIN
structman ON structman.ac = clinvar.uniprot_ac AND structman.mut
= clinvar.aa1||clinvar.uniprot_pos WHERE structman.class <>
'Core';
SELECT 13430
```

Joins (PL/R)

kalinina=# SELECT clinicalsignificance, median(fx_ddg) FROM clinvar GROUP BY
clinicalsignificance;

clinicalsignificance	median
Pathogenic	1.7756
Benign	0.6220875
(2 rows)	

kalinina=# SELECT clinicalsignificance, median(fx_ddg) FROM core GROUP BY
clinicalsignificance;

clinicalsignificance	median
Pathogenic	3.4113
Benign	1.55485
(2 rows)	

kalinina=# SELECT clinicalsignificance, median(fx_ddg) FROM notcore GROUP BY
clinicalsignificance;

clinicalsignificance	median
Pathogenic	1.003565
Benign	0.424089
(2 rows)	

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- Feedback: https://2019.fosdempgday.org/f